

From the Baltimore Patriot.  
**THE DYING DEIST.**  
I saw him in the bloom of youth  
Ere he had left affliction's road,  
He sprang the sacred book of truth,  
The glorious Gospel of our God.  
And scorned the Almighty power above,  
Whose eye creation's scope may scan—  
And read the source of hate and love  
Within the heart of thankless man.

To him a gracious God had given  
The gift of genius to survey  
The wondrous works of earth and heav'n,  
Spread out in beautiful array;  
But, ah! Creation to his sight,  
Was but a wild, a rude romance—  
Sprang from the realms of rayless night  
By dark and undesigning Chance.

He saw the charming seasons change,  
And flowers bloom and blush for man—  
But in all nature's radiant range,  
The Mighty Mind he could not scan;  
Each spire of grass, each being born,  
Should have convinced a mind so wise,  
And yet he even laugh'd to scorn  
A suffering Saviour's sacrifice.

I saw the dying Deist roll  
Upon an agonizing bed,  
Hell's horrors harrow'd up his soul,  
His eyeballs started from his head—  
With streaming eyes I saw him stretch  
His impious hands to Heaven in prayer,  
Beneath the cross he cried, a wretch,  
Whose soul is shrouded in despair!

Death's darkest angel o'er him wailed  
His gloomy wings, to wait away  
The skeptic's spirit, and he wailed  
And wept and pray'd for one more day;  
Philosophy, thou fool say, more day,  
Was now thy sweet, consoling power?  
Where was thy balm for his despair,  
In dissolution's awful hour?

I saw him gathered to the grave,  
In Christian burial's solemn train,  
He died old skepticism's slave,  
All unforgotten and forlorn—  
With genius worthy heaven's abode,  
But with a hopeless heart of pride,  
Rent by the awful wrath of God,  
The poor unhappy deist died.

What madness 'tis in man to mar  
The joy which God has kindly given,  
And blot out Bethlehem's beautiful star,  
Whose light illumines our path to heav'n.  
'Tis vain to strive, no power may stay  
The will and pleasure of the Lord,  
Hell's deep, dark dungeons must obey,  
And Heaven and earth receive his word.

**AN ORPHAN'S BIBLE.**  
Two little boys decently clothed, the oldest appearing about 13 and the younger 11, called at the lodging-house for vagrants in Warrington for a night's lodging, the keeper of the house very properly took them to the nearest office to be examined, and if proper objects to be relieved. It appears that but a few weeks had elapsed since these poor little wanderers had resided with their parents in London. The typhus fever in one day, carried off both father and mother, leaving the orphans in a wide world without home and without friends. I immediately after the last tribute had been paid to their parents' memory, leaving an uncle in Liverpool, poor as they were, resolved to go and throw themselves upon his protection. Tired, therefore, and faint, they arrived in Warrington on their way. Two bundles contained their little all. In the younger boy's pocket was found, neatly covered, and carefully preserved, a Bible. The keeper of the lodging-house, addressing the little boy, said, "You have neither money nor meat, will you sell me this Bible? I will give you five for it." "No," said he, "the tears rolling down his youthful cheeks, 'I'll starve first.' To try him still further, five were offered for this Bible. 'No,' said he, 'for it has been my support all the way from London. Hungry and weary, often have I set down by the way side to read my Bible, and have found refreshment from it.' He then was asked, 'What will you do when you get to Liverpool, should your uncle refuse to take you in?' The reply was, 'I will go to the workhouse, my father and mother forsake me, the Lord will take me up.' The next morning these refreshed little wanderers rose early, dressed themselves, and set out for the town of Liverpool.—Preston Pilot.

**FATE OF THE APOSTLES.**—St. Matthew.—This Apostle and Evangelist is supposed to have suffered martyrdom or was slain with a sword at the city of Ethiopia.  
St. Mark.—This Evangelist was dragged through the streets of Alexandria, in Egypt, until he expired.  
St. Luke.—This Evangelist was hanged upon an Olive Tree in Greece.  
St. John.—This Apostle and Evangelist was put into a cauldron of boiling oil, at Rome, and escaped death. He afterwards died a natural death at Ephesus, in Asia.  
St. Peter.—This Apostle was crucified at Rome, with his head downwards by his own request, thinking himself unworthy to die in the same position and manner as his blessed master.  
St. James the great.—This Apostle was beheaded at Jerusalem.  
St. James the less.—This Apostle was thrown from a pinnacle, or wing of the Temple, and then beaten to death with a fuller's club.  
St. Philip.—This Apostle was hanged up against a pillar at Hierapolis, a city of Phrygia.  
St. Andrew.—This Apostle was bound to a cross, whence he preached to the people until he expired.  
St. Thomas.—This Apostle was run through the body with a lance, at Coromandel, in the East Indies.  
St. Jude.—This Apostle was shot to death with arrows.  
St. Simon.—Zelot.—This Apostle was crucified at Persia.  
St. Matthias.—This Apostle was first stoned and then beheaded.  
St. Barnabas.—This Apostle of the Gentiles was stoned to death by the Jews at Salamis.  
St. Paul.—This Apostle was beheaded at Rome by the tyrant Nero.  
"In entering a printing office in cold weather, always walk in boldly, and shut the door after you."

From the Richmond Enquirer.  
**THE OFFICE HUNTERS.**  
The Hive is in motion. Even the soil of Virginia is not exempt from the Whig Scramblers for office. The Rockbridge Star of the Valley says, "We have heard more than once that Dr. Graham, our worthy and excellent Postmaster, was to be turned out, and his place assigned to a true blue Federalist. In Wheeling the spirit is moving the party. The last Wheeling Argus compares the whig profession with the whig practice, and as an illustration, states that the Postmaster of that place has been denounced in all the brutality of their lowest language, and in all the vindictiveness of Federal malignity, and by some men who are now seeking to fill his place. We have heard the names of no less than thirteen who are candidates for the Post office when 'Old Tip' takes up the reins of empire. There are six candidates for the little office of Surveyor of the Port.  
Thirteen Whig candidates already for the Post Office of Wheeling! A glorious beginning indeed. And so fragrant and shameless is this exhibition of office hunting; so disgusted is even the Wheeling Times, that it exclaims in a pet, "We suspect there are a tribe of hangers on of the Whig party, whose only aim in going with them has been the hope of obtaining office. Such men are unworthy to belong to a party having for its object the holy work of redeeming our land from its late odious bondage.  
We refer to the subject for two reasons, one to induce such as are disposed to go to him in search of office to stay at home and mind their legitimate business, and the other because we wish to see the Whig press generally take up the subject and show both to General Harrison and to the people generally that those who have labored the most arduously and sincerely for the success of the Harrison cause, have done it for their country, not for the hope of reward." We like the spirit that actuates the Times, and we beg leave to call the Messrs. Tips to listen to his advice. Let us then see a S. T. who has been working for his country, who for himself and for the hope of reward.

**TOO BIG TO WORK.**—A man with a large family was complaining of the difficulty of maintaining a family. "But you have sons big enough to earn something, and help you now," said a friend. "The difficulty is, they are too big to work," was the answer.  
**TIME TO GET UP.**—Grattan the celebrated Irish barrister was indefatigably industrious. He was so anxious not to lose a moment in sleep, that he in his opinion ought to be devoted to study, that he contrived a singular apparatus to rouse him regularly at day break. A small barrel filled with water was placed over a basin, which he placed on a shelf immediately above his pillow, and the cock of it was sufficiently turned in to fill the basin by daylight so that if he did not then rise, the water flowed upon his person and bedding.

**THE LAW OF NEWSPAPERS.**  
We learn from the Boston Courier that Judge Williams, in a late case before the Common Pleas, laid down the law in relation to a question interesting to Editors of newspapers, as follows:  
1. Where a subscriber to a newspaper orders it to be discontinued, and it continues to be sent at his residence, the presumption is, in the absence of any evidence to the contrary, that it is sent by the subscriber's order, and upon a promise to pay for it.  
2. If a newspaper is left from day to day for a person at his place of business, with his knowledge and consent, though not expressed consent, and if he has reason to believe that it is left under the expectation that he is to pay for it, in that case he will be bound to pay for it, unless he gives notice to discontinue it.

**LIES AND PROMISES.**  
We are told that P. B. Johnson, the Harrison Elector, and Capt. Curtis, the defeated would-be Representatives, are both denying in most emphatic terms, that they ever promised the people of this county, in their stump harangues, that if they would elect Gen. Harrison, WHEAT should demand one dollar & a quarter per bushel. It is true, it is the climax of their recklessness. Men, occupying their position, who will make the promises they did before hundreds of their fellow-citizens, in order to gain their votes, and after their schemes were accomplished will dare to face the public, and the very men to whom they made these pledges, and deny ever uttering such sentiments, must either be reckless of truth, or presume greatly upon the forgetfulness of the people.  
Let them deny these things; the people will never forget them.—Muske Valley.

**ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.**  
BY virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Tuscarawas county made at May Term 1838, I shall offer for sale on the premises on the 12th day of Dec. 1840 at 11 o'clock the following described real Estate, situate in Dover Township, viz. a Lot of Land adjoining the Town of Dover in the county of Tuscarawas, commencing in the center of the Wagon Road one rod north west from the town plat, thence running north 43 West, seven chains and twenty five hundredths, thence north 47 West six chains and twenty five hundredths, thence north 43 East nine chains and forty four hundredths, thence South 28 East six chains and sixty hundredths to the place of beginning, containing five acres and thirty four perches more or less. The above land is property of the estate of Isaac R. Lee, late of Tuscarawas county deceased. It is well situated for a private residence. Terms of sale made known at the time of sale.  
LUCY LEE, Ad'x.  
By B. M. Atherton, Attorney.  
Dec. 7th, 1840. 6w.

**A CHALLENGE FOR THE U. S.**  
The DUNKARD MARE owned by Geo. Aston Sen and Geo. W. Aston, will run her races against anything in the United States, for, from Fifty to FIVE hundred Dollars.  
Also the BUTRAN MARE, owned by the same, will be run her races against anything in the U. S. States, for, from fifty to five hundred dollars.  
P. S. Both of the above animals are for sale and may be seen on application to  
Geo. W. ASHTON.  
Falls of Sugar Creek, Tuscarawas county Ohio, Nov. 6th, 1840.  
(The Zanesville Aurora will please copy, to the amount of \$1.00, and send bill to this office.)

**STRAYED.**  
Strayed away from the Subscriber living in Dover township, Tuscarawas county.  
A BALU BAY MARE,  
About 10 years Old, a mark on her left hind leg, where she received an injury some years since. Any person giving information where said mare is, shall be rewarded.  
W. McCLARY.  
November 6th, 1840. 3w.

**DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.**  
The Partnership heretofore existing under the firm of McMeal & Steese Medical Practitioners, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.  
All those indebted to the firm, are requested to call and settle, as the business must be closed immediately.  
E. D. McNEAL  
I. STEESE.  
Sep. 1. 1840.

**In Chancery,**  
COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF TUSCARAWAS COUNTY AND STATE OF OHIO.  
The Farmers Bank } NOTICE is hereby given to said John E. Lyons, Sebastian Brainerd, Stephen A. Baldwin, Norman C. Baldwin and Law Stephen A. Baldwin, Brainerd, said said win, Norman C. Farmers Bank of Canton, Baldwin, Law, did on the 8th day of September 1840, filed its bill of Complaint in Chancery in the office of the Clerk of said court, against said defendants; that said bill alleges that Complainant recovered judgment for the sum of about \$6708.65, against said John E. Lyons, Sebastian Brainerd, Stephen A. Baldwin, and Norman C. Baldwin in the Court Common Pleas within and for the County Cuyahoga, and state of Ohio at its May Term 1840, that said judgment remains in full force, unreversed and unsatisfied—that on the 13th day of May 1840, execution issued on said judgment to the sheriff of Tuscarawas County, Ohio and that by virtue of said execution and of the money on said judgment the sheriff of Tuscarawas county, levied said Execution on the following described lands and tenements, for property of said Sebastian Brainerd, which is being sold by said sheriff remains unsold offered for sale by said sheriff and tenements want of bidders; that the lands and tenements thus offered for sale are described as follows to wit: "Lot No. 49 containing 117 acres Lot No. 50, containing 108 acres, Lot No. 29 containing 160 acres, Lot No. 40 containing 158 and Lot No. 38 156 acres with a reserve of eighty acres said to William Swallow from the East side of said Lot by Sebastian Brainerd said said said tracts are situate in the 2d quarter Township No. 9 range 2 in Tuscarawas county Ohio. Also one other tract of land situate in Rush Township Tuscarawas county Ohio, and known as the North west q. of Sec. No. 25, p. 13 in R. 7 of the Steubenville District containing 160 acres with a reserve of 5 acres off from said quarter said by said Sebastian Brainerd and Joel Vail, which has been surveyed and set off on the side next to said Vail house, also a reserve of 70 by 150 feet described in a deed from said Sebastian to Henry Curtis. Said bill also alleges that said Sebastian Brainerd paid for the purpose of preventing said Complainant from recovering the same conveyed and lands and tenements to said Lawrence Brainerd and that said Lawrence purchased said land for the purpose of preventing the Complainant from recovering said money or consideration, and for the purpose of preventing said Sebastian Brainerd, for the same or if any notes were given they were given on long time to prevent said Complainant from collecting his said judgment—and said bill alleges that none of said defendants to said judgment have any property or interest on which an execution at law can be levied.  
The prayer of said bill is that on its final hearing the court will decree said sale of said lands and tenements from said Sebastian to said Lawrence Brainerd, to be null and void and that said lands and tenements be sold to satisfy said judgment, in favor of said Complainant and for such other relief as the equity of the case may require. Said bill will be for hearing at the next Term of said court of Common Pleas of Tuscarawas County Ohio.  
HARRIS & BROWN,  
Sols. for Compt.  
Sept. 24th 1840. 6w.

**Hattery.**  
CHARLES WILSON, Hatter second of Tuscarawas County, that he continues to carry on the Hattery business, in all its various branches. His workmanship shall be of first quality, hoping thereby to merit a liberal share of patronage.  
N. B. All those indebted to him, are requested to call and settle up, before the 1st of January, otherwise their bills will be put in the hands of the Justice for collection.  
Dec. 10th.

All kinds of country produce, taken in exchange for work, or for outstanding debts.  
N. B. I will pay 61 cts. per bushel or wheat, for all outstanding debts.

**L. JONES,**  
House, Sign, Ornamental Painter and VARNISHER.  
WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Canal Dover and vicinity, that he continues to carry on the above business, on the Corner of Front and Sawberry Street, second story, next door to the Printing Office, where he intends to carry on in all its various branches. He also has connected with the above—the Paper Hanging—which he promises shall not be surpassed by any. His work shall be done in a style and manner, that will show for itself.  
He also will attend to work in the house Canal Dover, June 12th, 1840.—11c.

**NEW GOODS.**  
KILGORE & HULL.  
ARE now receiving from the eastern cities, a general and seasonable stock of GOODS, which they intend selling very low for cash or good country produce.  
New Philad. May 29, 1840.

**Cabinet Making.**  
THE subscriber thankful for past favors respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage. He is prepared to make to order all kinds of CABINET WARE, that is in common use in this country, which he warrants to be made in the best manner and of good materials, and on the most reasonable terms.  
A lot of Cabinet furniture always on hand. He is also prepared with the necessary materials for making and conveying COFFINS safely to any part of the county where he may be called to attend on the shortest notice.  
WM. RICKETS.

**BRANDRETH'S PILLS.**  
THESE justly celebrated Pills, have been before the American public over 5 years, their restorative and curative properties are fully estimated by hundreds of thousands of both sexes, and they are still growing in repute where ever they are known. Wherever a prejudice exists, it is because counterfeits have been used. Ask any one who has used the genuine Pills, and a hearty recommendation will be the sure result.  
The great principle of "PURGING" in sickness is beginning to be appreciated. It is found much more convenient to take an occasional dose of half a dozen pills, and be always well, than to send for a Doctor and be bled, blistered and salivated—with the certainty that if you are not killed, you will be sure, to have months of miserable weakness, and the only one who is benefited is your Doctor. Look at the difference between the appearance of those two persons—one has been treated by your regular practitioner—see how pale and debilitated he is, see how the shadow of death throws his solitary glance from his emaciated countenance, see how he trembles in every limb; his eyes sunk, his teeth destroyed—his constitution perished irretrievably—yet, just hear how the Doctor arrogate to himself credit, by saying "most inveterate case of liver complaint," "nothing but the most energetic remedies saved him." Energetic measures! i. e. Mercury and Bleeding, ruined his constitution, better say, So to save life you must half poison with that comforter of the teeth and the gums—MERCURY—positive make a man miserable the said remainder of his existence; this is called curing. Shocking folly!

Let us now look at your "purged" man—the man who has taken Brandreth's Pills for Liver or Bilious Complaint—he has the firm elastic tread of conscious strength, his countenance is clear and serene, his eyes full and sparkling with the feeling of new life and animation; he has been confined a few days to his bed, but he used nothing but the true Brandreth Pills, and soon recovered without any injury being sustained by his constitution. Instead of being months in a weak state he will be stronger, after he has entirely recovered the attack, because his blood and fluids have become purified, and having purged away the old and impure fluids, the solids are thereby renovated, and he is not borne down by useless particles, but has renewed his life and body health.  
This principle of purging with Brandreth's Pills, removes nothing but the useless and corrupt humors of the blood;—morbid and corrupt humors of the blood; and those humors which cause disease—they impede the functions of the liver when they settle upon that organ, and which, when they settle upon the muscles, produce rheumatism, or, upon the nerves, produce gout or upon the lungs, produce consumption, or upon the intestines, costiveness, or upon the lining of the blood vessels, a apoplexy and paralysis, and all the train of disorders so menacing to the sufferer and all who behold him.

Yes, purging these humors from the body is the true cure for all these complaints, and every other form of disease; this is no mere assertion, it is a demonstrable truth, and each day it is a demonstrable truth, and each day it is extending itself, far and wide it is becoming known, and more and more appreciated.  
CAUTION.—Dr. B. Brandreth never appoints Druggists, Peddlars, Doctors or Apothecaries, as his agents; therefore if you want to be sure to have THE REAL BRANDRETH'S PILLS, never purchase at Drug Stores or of Peddlars, Doctors or Apothecaries. The Pills they sell in my name being universally all counterfeits.

All who sell the genuine Pills have a certificate of agency, signed by Dr. B. in his own handwriting, and renewed every 12 months, and have entered into bonds of \$500, to sell none other Pills than they receive from Dr. Brandreth, or his duly appointed travelling agents, who have invariably a power of attorney, signed by the Clerk of the County of N. York. OBSERVE.—The certificate is not to be pressed written or Lithographic. It is engraved.—The said certificate being no guarantee on the public after 12 months from date MARK.—When you want Pills to make you are right, ask to see the certificate of agency, and will tell you it is genuine, lost, &c. &c. The following are the only authorized agents for the sale of Dr. Benjamin Brandreth's valuable Universal Pills, in the counties of Tuscarawas and Carroll.  
John P. Clappin, New Philadelphia.

**MEDICAL NOTICE.**  
THE subscribers would hereby inform the citizens of Dover and the adjacent country, that they have entered into partnership for the practice of Medicine and Surgery, and would most respectfully tender their professional services to those who may become the subjects of disease.  
A. J. BENNETT,  
JAMES JOHNSON.  
Annul 22, 1840.—11c

**TAKE NOTICE.**  
All those indebted to the Subscriber, by Book account, or Notes, to older dates than six months, are requested to call and settle up, otherwise their accounts will be left in the hands of proper officers for collection.  
BENJAMIN MILLER.  
ep. 4, 1840.

**NEW TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.**  
SAMUEL H. ADAMS.  
WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Dover, and the adjoining counties, that he has commenced the Tailoring business in the Town of Canal Dover, merchants row Factory Street, two doors west of Montgomery & McClean's New Store, in the room formerly occupied by Mrs. M. C. Glininger as a confectionary, where Clothing will be made in the most fashionable & fitting manner; from his experience in the above business, he feels assured that he will be able to render general satisfaction to all, who are pleased, to give him a call.  
Dover, April 10th 1840. 11c

**WOOL CARDING AND CLOTH DRESSING.**  
ANDREW SEATON.  
THANKFUL for past favors, would inform the Farmers and Wool Growers of Tuscarawas county and the counties adjoining he continues to  
CARD WOOL, AND DRESS CLOTH  
on short notice. Having a first rate Double Carding Machine and the best of Machinery for Dressing Cloth, together with an experienced and skillful workman, he feels confident in saying that his customers may rest assured of having their work done in the best manner.  
The prices for Carding is 5 cents per pound, and the prices for Cloth Dressing shall be reasonable.  
All kinds of produce received in payment for

**FASHIONABLE TAILORING.**  
JOSEPH W. NEWBURGH, would respectfully inform his old friends and the public in general, that he carries on the above business in all its various branches, one door East of J. I. Smith's Store, where he may at all times be found to attend to all work intrusted to him. He flatters himself it will be done as durable, neat and fashionable, as it can be done in the country, as he intends at all times to keep in his employ good competent workman, and he means to receive the Fashions isamply provided for.

To accommodate his friends in the country, he will take nearly all kinds of country produce.  
N. B. One or two apprentices wanted immediately to learn the Tailoring business. Boys between the age of 15 and 16, would be preferred. They must be of good character, as recommendations of industry, honesty, and sobriety, will be required.  
Canal Dover, Aug. 15, 1839. 11c

**BOOT & SHOE STORE.**  
Situated in the building formerly occupied as a Grocery by Mr. Stumph, & opposite the Mansion House, New Philadelphia, Ohio.  
CONRAD GENTOE,  
RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of New Philadelphia, that he carries on the above business in all of its various branches, and as he keeps none other than his own manufacture, he can confidently recommend his work to all who may favor him with their custom.

Particular attention will be given to the manufacture of Gentlemen's FINE BOOTS, as this work will be done by one of the best Bootmen in the country. ALSO—Ladies' Work by Measure.  
A general assortment of BOOTS & SHOES (of his own make) constantly on hand.  
The Public are respectfully invited to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Also Groceries, such as Wine, Beer and cider, and Liquor by the quart [and gallon].  
Nw Philadelphia, Aug. 16, 1839

**New Arrival.**  
SAMUEL FERTIG.—GROCER  
Commission Merchant, & Boot & Shoe Manufacturer,  
East side of the Canal.  
Having just received, and constantly keeps on hand, a general assortment of goods, such as:  
Coffee, Teas, Sugars, Liquors, Oils, Smoking & Chewing Tobacco, Confectionaries, Rock Salt, Ground Pepper, Alpice, Mustard, Ginger, Bar and Shaving Soap, Chocolate, Satoratus Shoe Blacking, Black & Red Ink, Writing Paper & Quills, Raisins, Nuts of all kinds, Loco Poco Matches, Candles, Pepper Sauce, Wines of all descriptions, &c. &c. &c.

**BOOTS & SHOES.**  
Men's fine and coarse Boots, fine & coarse Brogans, Gaiter Boots, Slippers, & Shoes, &c. &c.  
Orders for any description of Boots & Shoes, can be filled on reasonable notice, and on the most satisfactory terms.  
Canal Dover, Nov. 19, 1839.

**CAUTION.**  
ALL persons are cautioned against trusting my wife Mary Savage, who left me October 15th, without any just cause of complaint, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting.  
JERUEL SAVAGE.  
October 15th, 1840. 3w. p.

**ATTENTION & PECK.**  
Attorneys at Law.  
NEW PHILADELPHIA.

**Boots & Shoes.**  
500  
Pair and More.  
READY MADE & FOR 1844 L E B Y.

J. MARTIN would respectfully inform his old friends and the public, that he carries on the above business, in his various branches, one door East of J. I. Smith's Store, having just received a new and general assortment of BOOTS & SHOES, adapted to the Season—Being carefully selected by and from several of the most experienced manufacturers, in the City, may be relied on to be good.  
Intending also more extensively to continue the manufacturing business, by keeping in his employ the best workman, he can obtain, and having on hand abundance of Stock and finishing, which challenge comparison in this place, diligences Providence permitting to be able constantly to furnish abundant choice, give general satisfaction, and justify a sufficient share of public patronage. Determined to improve his business by all fair means—he assures those who may favor him with a call, that he will sell as low for good pay, as any articles of the same kind, and quality, so far as he knows can be had in this part of the Country.

**COURT OF COMMON PLEAS TUSCARAWAS COUNTY, OHIO. IN CHANCERY.**  
Francis Garnant and Margaret his Wife } Pursuant to a decree of this Court rendered at the June Term 1840  
vs. }  
Smith A. Towner, } I shall on the 15th of September next, at the courthouse in New Philadelphia, offer at public Sale the following described Real Estate, viz. Lot Number 14 in the Town of Dover in said County.

**MARKETS.**  
Wheat 50 cents per bushel; corn and oats 25 cents per bushel.

**DR. EASMAN'S**  
Would invite the attention of the afflicted, to his valuable preparations of Medicines, which have proved most signally successful in removing the sick and afflicted to the blessing of health. He has the satisfaction of knowing of hundreds of cases that were considered hopeless, being cured by the use of his medicines after all other remedies had failed. They are medicines approved and extensively used by the most eminent Physicians in the state whose testimonials, and that of many others of the first respectability may be seen where the medicines are for sale.  
HIS PREPARATIONS ARE  
HIS ELIXIR OF HEALTH!!!

This medicine has been extensively used for the last eight years and has proved more successful than any other known combination of medicines for all persons in a weakly and debilitated state of health. Loss of appetite, Weakness and debility, Indigestion Oppression from food, Sour Stomach Nervous Affections, Pains in the stomach, sides, shoulders, and breast, Headache, Constiveness, Weariness, Shortness of Breath, Palpitation of the heart, Symptoms of approaching consumption, Fever affections, Dyspepsia, and all diseases caused by a deranged or a debilitated state of the Stomach and digestive organs, which are the prime regulators of the whole system, removing all obstructions, promoting and maintaining a healthy action in the healthful Vigor or is restored to the whole system. As a preventive of bilious and other diseases it is invaluable. From its power to remove all morbid bile and other vitiated matter from the system, and maintaining a healthy action by its timely use much sickness may be prevented.

DR. Mathews at Hebron, (on the Ohio Canal and a very nice place) informs me that he has noticed its effects for many Years, and that during the sickly season—those families that made a timely use of the Elixir were exempt from those fevers which prevail among them. As a Family medicine, it is a valuable preparation, being mild and perfectly safe in its operation, for further particulars examine the directions accompanying the medicine.

**HIS MEDICINAL OR ANTI BILIOUS PILLS.**  
These Pills are prepared expressly for those bilious habits and complaints which so much abound in this country and may be relied upon as a safe, and Efficacious Antibilious cathartic medicine. No family should be without these or a similar medicine in their house, as a portion in the moments of an attack, may prevent serious fits of sickness, and thereby save much expense and risk of life. Accompanying the pills is a full description of all symptoms of a bilious habit and approaching fever with directions for its removal. Any person using these pills and being dissatisfied with their effects can have their money refunded to them by returning the balance.

**H. EASTMAN'S Febrifuge and Tonic Powders.**  
A perfectly safe and effectual cure for the AGUE AND FEVER.  
These medicines taken according to directions effect a permanent cure of the Ague and Fever only ask for them a trial H. Eastman.

**SPECIFIC EMBROCATION!!!** This is a medicine for external application and has proved superior to any thing of the kind in a case of local and seated pains in the side, Back, shoulders or limbs. Painful affections of the face, Stiff Joints, contracted cords, Painful tumours, spinal affections, Rheumatism, Sprains, Bruises, and all external injuries. It is also the best article now in use as an application for sprains, strains, or galls in Horses.

The above articles all for sale at BRAINARD & HIGGINS'S Canal Dover, July 28th 1840. 50, n. 3. m.

**DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.**  
The partnership heretofore existing under the firm, of Charles Steese and Albert Bates, in the Grocery business is this day dissolved by mutual consent.  
CHARLES STEESE.  
ALBERT BATES.  
Shanesville Nov. 2d, 1840.

**JOHN HERR IMAN**  
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he still continues the BLACKSMITHING BUSINESS, in the town of LOCKPORT, where he respectfully invites the Farmers and the public generally to give him a call. He feels thankful to the farmers for the encouragement he has received, and hopes by strict attention to business, to receive a share of public patronage. Having purchased a quantity of Iron at a reduced price, he will show for all iron round with new shoes for one dollar and cents for removing—All other work done in proportion.  
Lockport Sept. 10th, 1840.

**SESSION OHIO STATESMAN**  
We propose to issue the STATESMAN, during the ensuing session of the Ohio Legislature on the following terms, viz:  
TRI-WEEKLY, \$2 00  
SEMI-WEEKLY, 1 50  
WEEKLY, 1 00  
Persons subscribing, will please designate which paper it is that they desire.

The approaching session of the Ohio Legislature, will be one that will interest all parties. The Corwin administration will be a progress—his inaugural will have developed his measures, or rather the measures of the Bankers and Abolitionists that elected him, and in whose hands he is.  
When these measures are presented to the Legislature by Governor Corwin, as it is his duty by the constitution, the tug of war will commence in the Legislature and, for the first time for years the people will have an opportunity of seeing what the principles of whiggery really are in practice, and a fair comparison can be made between the doctrines of the two parties, touching the great interests of equal rights and constitutional government.

We shall have good reporters, and use what industry we are capable of employing on our paper, to give a correct and extensive view of all their doings; and the first curious item will be a law reducing the salaries of all the officers in the State, as promised to the people. The next will be, to raise the wages of labor; increase the price of wheat and pork; introduce the negroes fresh from Kentucky into our courts as witnesses, and into our common schools; but not into our Colleges where Bankers' children congregate. All these hard cider and con skin movements will be recorded with care and precision, and when necessary, made into first rate Tippecanoe songs, and sung to keep the members' spirits up.

And the scheme already on foot, as we are informed, to chain down the people by a great Bank machinery, more powerful than the throne of the Russian Autocrat, will be watched with due care. Let the people read and judge for themselves.

The proceedings of Congress will also be duly given as heretofore.  
S. & M. H. MEDARY.  
Columbus, November 13, 1840.